CATHEDRAL PINES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors

Cathedral Pines Metropolitan District
Colorado Springs, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cathedral Pines Metropolitan District ("District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2018, the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Colorado Springs, Colorado

BiggsKofford, P.C.

July 25, 2019





CATHEDRAL PINES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2018

	vernmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and investments	\$ 56,464
Cash and investments - restricted	155,186
Accounts receivable - County Treasurer	5,074
Property taxes receivable	455,285
Other assets	3,240
Capital assets:	
Capital assets, net	 1,256,575
Total assets	 1,931,824
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	19,391
Accrued liabilities	27,350
Accrued interest	18,738
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	60,000
Due in more than one year	 4,909,021
Total liabilities	 5,034,500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property tax revenues	 455,285
Total deferred inflows of resources	 455,285
NET POSITION	
Net investments in capital assets	(983,086)
Restricted for:	, , ,
Debt service	117,345
Emergency reserve	9,311
Unrestricted	 (2,701,531)
Total net position	\$ (3,557,961)

CATHEDRAL PINES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			ı	Program	ı Revenue	es		Re ^r	(Expenses) venue and nanges in it Position
					erating		pital		
	_E	xpenses	ges for vices		its and		ts and		vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
General government	\$	385,133	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(385,133)
Interest and related costs on									
long-term debt		223,338	 						(223,338)
Total primary government	\$	608,471	\$ 	\$		\$			(608,471)
GENERAL REVENUES:									
Property taxes									457,881
Specific ownership taxes									57,803
HOA reimbursements									1,887
Rental income									142,760
Sales									9,000
Investment earnings									1,975
Total general revenues									671,306
Change in net position									62,835
Net position, beginning of year									(3,620,796)
Net position, end of year								\$	(3,557,961)



BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General Fund	;	Debt Service Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	_		_			
Cash and investments	\$	56,464	\$	-	\$	56,464
Cash and investments - restricted	=	-		155,186		155,186
Accounts receivables - County Treasurer	_	5,074		-		5,074
Property taxes receivable	_	143,442		311,843		455,285
Due from debt service fund	_	19,103		-		19,103
Other assets	-	3,240		-		3,240
Total assets	\$	227,323	\$	467,029		694,352
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		19,391		-		19,391
Accrued liabilities	=	27,350		-		27,350
Due to general fund	- -	-		19,103		19,103
Total liabilities	- <u></u>	46,741		19,103		65,844
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property tax revenues	- <u> </u>	143,442		311,843		455,285
Total deferred inflows of resources		143,442		311,843		455,285
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-		136,083		136,083
Emergency reserve	=	9,311		-		9,311
Unassigned:	=					
General government	= -	27,829				27,829
Total fund balances		37,140		136,083		173,223
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	227,323	\$	467,029		
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance.		position				
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets, net						1,256,575
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due a	and nav	able in				1,200,070
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the ful		abic iii				
Accrued interest payable	iius.					(18,738)
Bonds payable						(4,969,021)
Not position of governmental activities					¢	
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(3,557,961)

CATHEDRAL PINES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	Φ.	444.000	Φ.	040.004	Φ.	457.004
Property taxes	\$	144,260	\$	313,621	\$	457,881
Specific ownership taxes Recoveries		57,803		-		57,803
		1,887		-		1,887
Rental income		142,760		-		142,760
Sales Interest income		9,000		- 703		9,000 1,975
interest income		1,272		703		1,975
Total revenues		356,982		314,324		671,306
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Bank charges		54		-		54
Booking fees		36,767		-		36,767
Cleaning		2,025		-		2,025
Event expense		2,328		-		2,328
Insurance		21,715		-		21,715
Landscape maintenance		42,733		-		42,733
Management expense		24,000		-		24,000
Office expense		209		-		209
Professional fees		17,263		-		17,263
Purchases		31,255		-		31,255
Repairs and maintenance		68,512		-		68,512
Security		1,896		-		1,896
Snow removal		17,644		-		17,644
Telephone		2,846		-		2,846
Trash		5,476		-		5,476
Treasurer's fees		2,164		4,704		6,868
Utilities		33,469		-		33,469
Debt service:						
Bond principle		-		60,000		60,000
Interest expense				223,338		223,338
Total expenditures		310,356		288,042		598,398
Net change in fund balances		46,626		26,282		72,908
Fund balances, beginning of year		(9,486)		109,801		100,315
Fund balances, end of year	\$	37,140	\$	136,083	\$	173,223

CATHEDRAL PINES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 72,908
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of debt principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Principal payment on bonds payable	60.000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	33,333
Depreciation expense	(89,612)
Amortization of bond premium	 19,539

62,835

Changes in net position of governmental activities



GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	_			Variance with Final Budget
		dget	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 144,100	\$ 144,171	\$ 144,260	\$ 89
Specific ownership taxes	\$ 111,100 50,000	40,000	57,803	17,803
HOA reimbursements	9,960	-	-	-
Recoveries		1,887	1,887	_
Rental income	120,000	120,000	142,760	22,760
Sales	18,360	8,000	9,000	1,000
Miscellaneous		5,000	-	(5,000)
Interest income	240	240	1,272	1,032
Total revenues	342,660	319,298	356,982	37,684
EXPENDITURES				
Bank charges	30	51	54	(3)
Booking fees		17,500	36,767	(19,267)
Cleaning	2,000	2,500	2,025	` 475 [°]
Contingency	31,255	31,255	-	31,255
Event expense	40,000	20,000	2,328	17,672
Insurance	16,000	12,000	21,715	(9,715)
Landscape maintenance	65,000	30,000	42,733	(12,733)
Management expense	29,000	24,000	24,000	· -
Office expense	1,925	3,000	209	2,791
Professional fees	28,750	19,500	17,263	2,237
Purchases		-	31,255	(31,255)
Repairs and maintenance	45,000	64,600	68,512	(3,912)
Security	3,000	3,000	1,896	1,104
Snow removal	18,000	17,000	17,644	(644)
Telephone	1,350	2,500	2,846	(346)
Trash	5,000	5,000	5,476	(476)
Treasurer's fees	2,162	1,750	2,164	(414)
Utilities	35,000	32,000	33,469	(1,469)
Total expenditures	323,472	285,656	310,356	(24,700)
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	19,188	33,642	46,626	62,384
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
FEMA funds	115,900			
Total other financing sources	115,900			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 135,088	\$ 33,642	46,626	\$ 12,984
Fund balance, beginning of year			(9,486)	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 37,140	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cathedral Pines Metropolitan District ("District"), a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District was formed in 2004 to provide parks and recreation, street improvements, storm sewer, flood, and surface drainage maintenance for the Cathedral Pines community which is located in El Paso County, Colorado ("County"). The District is governed by an elected, five-member board of directors, which is the policy making body of the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's reporting entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operational and administrative functions are contracted.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement position

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt service fund - The debt service fund accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt and revenues generated and received by the District that are required to be used in payment of long-term debt.

Budgets

In accordance with state budget law, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2018 in the general fund, which my be a violation of the local government budget law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pooled cash and investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 and attaches as an enforceable lien as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June in equal installments. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected to the District monthly.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectable taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenues in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenues in the year they are available or collected.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include parks, trails and monuments, community building and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with initial individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives of the assets, which range from five to 30 years.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. At the time of retirement or disposition of depreciable assets, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in revenues or expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Accordingly, the item incremental property tax revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Equity

Net position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned fund balance - The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned fund balance - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (continued)

Net position (continued)

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position: Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 56,464 155,186
	\$ 211,650
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018 consist of the following:	
Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 56,464 155,186
	\$ 211,650

Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$64,464 and a book balance of \$56,464.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

See independent auditor's report

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those identified with an asterisk below which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless otherwise formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain United States government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado PDPA approved banks or savings banks
- * Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Fair value measurement and application

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments not measured at fair value and not categorized include governmental money market funds which record their investments at amortized cost.

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following in investments.

Investment Maturity Fair Value

Eastern Colorado Bank money markets

Weighted average under 60 days

\$ 155,186

The Eastern Colorado Bank Money Markets is a money market fund that is managed by Eastern Colorado Bank and each share is equal in value to \$1. The fund is AAAm rated and invests in high quality short-term US government securities. The average maturity of the underlying securities is 90 days or less.

See independent auditor's report

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/18		Additions/ Reclass- ifications		Dispositions/ Reclass- ifications		Balance 12/31/18
Community building	\$	1,328,384	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,328,384
Parks, trails and monuments		897,355		-		-	897,355
Equipment		13,922		-		-	13,922
Less: accumulated depreciation		(893,474)		(89,612)			 (983,086)
Capital assets, net	\$	1,346,187	\$	(89,612)	\$		\$ 1,256,575

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$89,612.

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the District during the year ended December 31, 2018:

		Balance 1/1/18 A		Repayments/ Iditions Defeasance				Balance 12/31/18		ue within ne year
Series 2016 General Obligation Refund Bonds		4,660,000	\$	-	\$	(60,000)	\$	4,600,000	\$	60,000
Unamortized portion premium	of —	388,560				(19,539)		369,021		
	\$	5,048,560	\$		\$	(79,539)	\$	4,969,021	\$	60,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

2016 Series Bonds

On July 26, 2016, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,660,000, plus an original issue premium of \$414,882, and less the underwriter's discount of \$30,000. The bonds bear interest at the rates set forth below, calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months, payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2016, and mature on December 1 in the years and amounts as follows:

Maturity		Principal Amount	Interest Rate		
2021	\$	250,000	2.625%		
2026	·	415,000	4.000%		
2031		580,000	5.000%		
2037		1,010,000	5.000%		
2046		2,405,000	5.000%		

The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the discretion of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2026 or on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements beginning in 2018.

The bonds are secured and payable from pledged revenue, consisting of monies derived by (1) the required mill levy of a minimum of 28.50 mills, or such lesser mill levy which, when combined with other pledged revenue then held in the bond fund, will permit the District to fully fund the bond fund for the next bond year and pay the bonds as they come due, and to fund the surplus fund up to maximum surplus amount; and (2) any other legally available monies which the District determines in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the trustee for application as pledged revenue.

The District is required, pursuant to the bond agreements, to maintain bond and surplus cash accounts. The purpose of the surplus cash account is to provide adequate reserves to meet principal and interest requirements if the bond account does not have enough funding. The surplus account is required to be maintained as long as the bonds are outstanding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

2016 Series Bonds (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the 2016 Series Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Interest		Total	
2019	\$ 60,000	\$ 221,338	\$ 281,338	
2020	65,000	219,763	284,763	
2021	65,000	218,056	283,056	
2022	75,000	216,350	291,350	
2023	75,000	213,350	288,350	
2024-2028	475,000	1,015,350	1,490,350	
2029-2033	665,000	884,250	1,549,250	
2034-2038	925,000	693,250	1,618,250	
2039-2043	1,245,000	431,750	1,676,750	
2044-2046	950,000	96,750	1,046,750	
Total	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 4,210,206	\$ 8,810,206	

6. NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

As of December 31, 2018, the District had net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:

Capital assets, net Related debt

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

\$ 1,256,575 (2,239,661)

(983,086)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

6. NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Restricted net position includes the net position that is restricted for use either by external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position of as of December 31, 2018 as follows:

Restricted	net	posit	ion:
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Debt service (see Note 5)	\$	117,345
Emergencies (see Note 8)		9,311
	¢	126 656

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2018 totaled a deficit of \$2,701,531. This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to refinance prior debt and to fund the costs of certain public improvements within the District. These improvements are contibuted to the County upon completion.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District carries insurance to mitigate these risks including property, liability, public officials liability and workers compensation coverage.

8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments within the State of Colorado.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenues. A majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

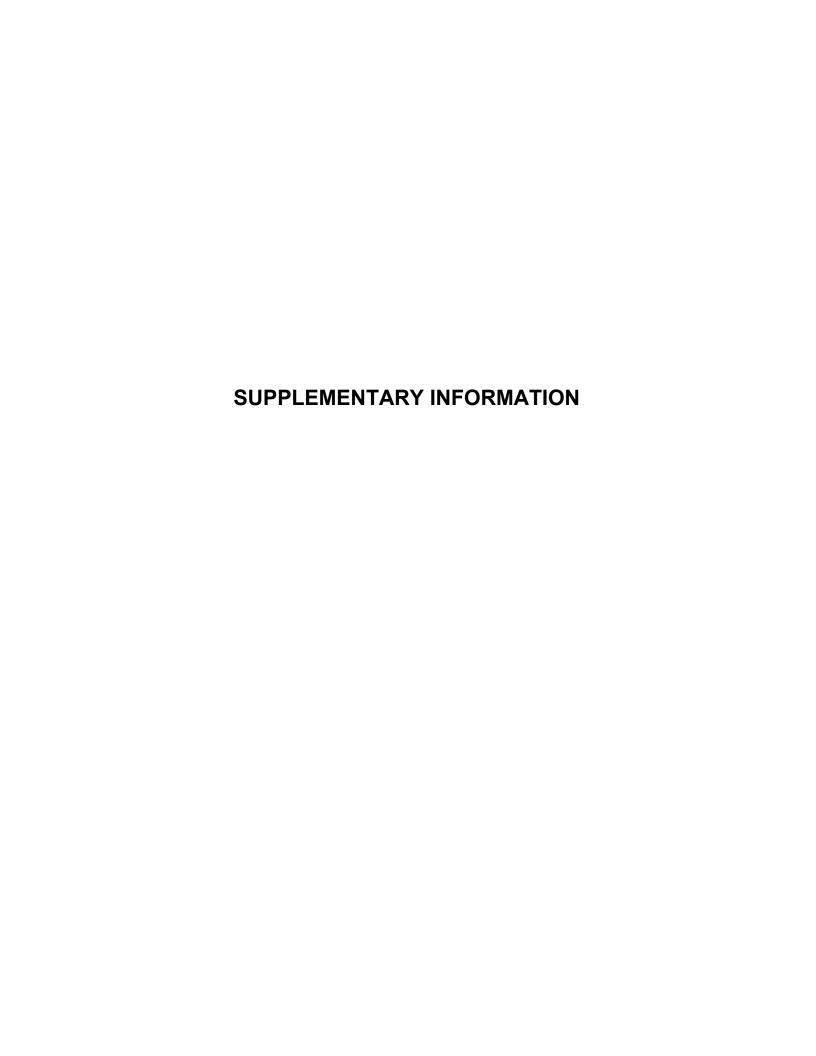
TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will likely require judicial interpretation.

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DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Bu	dget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 313,300	\$ 313,455	\$ 313,621	\$ 166
Interest income	750	750	703	(47)
Total revenues	314,050	314,205	314,324	119
EXPENDITURES				
Bond principle	60,000	60,000	60,000	-
Contingency	850	-	-	-
Interest expense	222,913	222,913	223,338	(425)
Treasurer's fees	4,700	4,700	4,704	(4)
Trustee fees	400	800		800
Total expenditures	288,863	288,413	288,042	371
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	25,187	25,792	26,282	(252)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 25,187	\$ 25,792	26,282	\$ (252)
Fund balance, beginning of year			109,801	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 136,083	